



SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 13 1900

AS UNDER the old Roman Empire all roads led to Rome, so, under the new American Empire, all roads lead to Washington; but the roads leading to the latter, help the people thereof a great deal more than they do those of any other part of the country. The threat, therefore, contained in one of the newspapers of that city, all of which now are republican, to the effect that unless the State of Virginia shall agree to surrender a large slice of her territory in Alexandria county to the federal government, Congress will make no appropriation for bridges and roads connecting Washington with that county and Virginia, will probably be ineffective. The selected memorial for the centennial of the establishment of the capital of the country at Washington is a handsome bridge spanning the Potomac at Arlington, by which people can reach the national cemetery by a short and easy route, and it will hardly be abandoned because a few congressmen and other interested parties from the North, who have recently bought property in Alexandria county, object to living under the laws of Virginia.

FOR THE second or third time, according to General Otis, the Filipinos have now been driven out of Cavite. But what is the use, and why the loss of life and the great expense, of driving them out, if they are to come back again just as soon as the American army shall be called somewhere else? People familiar with Malay character say there will have to be an American soldier for every Filipino, in order that peace may be secured and law enforced in the Philippine Islands. And all, for what?

TWO MEN have recently been arrested and fined for throwing offensive matter into the harbor of New York. It is such a thing can be done in New York, why can it not be done in Alexandria also? One arrest and one heavy fine here would be amply sufficient to put an effectual stop to the practice certain people of Washington have acquired of dumping all sorts of such matter into the Potomac river, either opposite or within smelting distance of this city.

THE SPANISH war was fought, nominally at least, to relieve the Cubans from the alleged tyranny of the Spaniards and confer upon them the "inestimable blessings of a free government." But, judging by the autocratic course General Wood, commanding the U. S. forces in Cuba, is pursuing, the people of that island must realize the fact that they were freer under Spanish tyranny than they are under American freedom.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette. Washington, January 13. It is conceded by both democrats and republicans at the Capitol that the President has floundered on night tariff, and that at last the United States are to have free trade, that is, with one country at least, Porto Rico. This will surely help the manufacturers of the North whose products will be exchanged for the raw material of the island referred to, but just as surely will it injure the South, against whose raw material that of Porto Rico will compete. General Davis, governor general of Porto Rico, was at the White House this morning. He said something must be done for the inhabitants of that island. They are in a deplorable state and unless this country comes to their rescue, their plight will go on from bad to worse. By granting more time to the mortgage oppressed planters and establishing a market for the products of the island, this country could soon make it prosperous again.

The gold standard bill is the continuing order of business in the Senate next week, after two o'clock on Monday, before which time, however, Mr. Pettigrew will conclude his speech against the administration for withholding important information, and possibly other Senators may have something to say on the same subject. Mr. Hale's resolution also, in respect of the delinquency of the administration in failing to take proper notice of the seizure of American goods on neutral ships, to provoke some debate. On the gold bill the republicans have announced that being assured of its passage, they will let the democrats do most of the talking. In the House, Monday has been set apart for the consideration of bills for the District of Columbia. After that, the deficiency appropriation bill, carrying about fifty millions, nearly all for the army, will come up, and possibly be followed by the pension bill, which is enormously large. The report in the famous Roberts case is also expected next week.

Another large crowd was present at the Clark investigation, on the Senate side of the Capitol, this morning. The testimony was similar to that previously taken and those who gave it were sworn to have acted as paid agents or detectives for Marcus A. Daley, one swearing that ten thousand dollars was offered him, which he declined.

The House committee to whom was referred the bill to return to Virginia the money she advanced to the general government in the war of 1812, will meet on Tuesday next to consider that bill. The money advanced by already States for the same purpose has already been returned, and why Virginia's should not be, has not yet been satisfactorily told.

The meeting of the Virginia democratic association of this city was held last night. Some curiosity was excited as to what would be done with the application of Mr. Jefferson Levy, a representative in Congress from New York, and the owner of Monticello, for membership, inasmuch as he is a gold man and did not support the last national democratic ticket; but that matter was postponed until the February meeting.

The guests at the entertainment given by Senator Martin to the committee of the Virginia legislature who had previously formally notified him of his reelection, say it was a most agreeable, but entirely informal affair, and just such as any other gentleman of their State would have given to his personal friends at his own home.

The bill set apart a portion of the Arlington reservation for an experimental agricultural station, is now on the calendar of the House and will be acted upon as soon as reached.

Mr. Thomas Clyde of the Clyde steamship line, and Mr. Grimes of the American line, were before the senate commerce committee today in advocacy of the ship bounty bill. State Senator Donohoe and Delegate Homa of the Alexandria, Virginia, district, returned from Richmond last night, and were here today.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The barn of the Newburyport, Mass., alms house burned this morning, together with 13 head of stock and other contents valued at \$15,000. The fire was of incendiary origin. Thomas Lowry, who has a long criminal record, has been arrested on the charge of setting the place on fire.

Mrs. Elizabeth Townsend Everett, a well-known literary woman, was, prior to her death, the proprietor of a jewelry store in New York. She was charged with the larceny of jewels valued at thousands of dollars from several department stores in that city. She broke down and confessed to the thefts, saying she was prompted to steal because she wanted money.

The case against Alfred Morrison, the cigarette fiend now in jail at White Plains, N. Y., charged with the murder of his wife, is becoming stronger. District Attorney Andrews says he believes he has sufficient evidence to prove that Morrison deliberately committed the murder. Andrews said: "I have an affidavit of Mrs. A. M. Wells, a neighbor of the Morrison, in which she says that after the shooting she heard Morrison tell his wife that she must stay in the house."

A criminal is to be executed in the court at Juarez, Mexico, within the next few days. The man will be shot inside the walls of the prison. An admission fee of 25 cents will be charged all persons desiring to witness the execution and the money will go to the widow of the condemned man.

The first battalion of the Leinster regiment at Ballinacree, N. S. W., has received orders to proceed to South Africa. It will be relieved by an English militia corps. This will be the first time an English militia regiment has been in Canada.

Mrs. Sarah F. Dick, the only woman who is cashier of a national bank in the United States, was for the eighteenth time re-elected to that position in a bank in Wabash, Ind., yesterday.

William J. Bryan started east last night from Lincoln, Neb., to absent six weeks. He will journey as far as Maine, his first visit to that section since his campaign four years ago.

The people in the vicinity of Cedar Grove, near Rockville, Md., have been considerably excited for several days past over the appearance in that locality of a large black bear.

Thomas Carotak, 21 years old, a tall, dark man, was struck and killed by a passenger train while in the Erie tunnel at Jersey City, N. J., this morning.

Major John B. Guthrie, the military representative of the U. S. government at the Pan American Exposition, died suddenly last night at his home in Buffalo, N. Y.

Thomas McKetton, charged with murdering his wife at Owensville, Ind., in 1884, was a quitted last night. The verdict gives general satisfaction.

Fire at Iowa City, Iowa, today, destroyed one of the principal business blocks there, estimating a loss of \$150,000.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Home Building and Construction Company vs. London, et al., Argued and submitted.

The next cases to be called are: Miller vs. McKinley, Rangely & Company; Norfolk and Western Railway Company vs. Greener, and Painter and al. vs. S. C. Cleir and al. Nos. 2, 5 and 6 on the civil docket.

LEE MEMORIAL MONUMENT FUND.

A large company attended the ball given by the North Carolina Society of Washington last night in aid of the Robert E. Lee memorial monument fund. The occasion also was intended as a compliment to Mrs. Z. B. Vance, one of the society's members, who has been elected president of the Lee fund. It was a brilliant success. The proposed monument is to be erected near Fort Myer, on the heights overlooking Washington near the old home of General Lee at Arlington.

THE GAZETTE.

With the close of 1899 the Alexandria Gazette completed the one hundredth year of its existence. During the whole of that long period it has remained in the family of its founder. It is now owned by Messrs. Harold and Albert Snowden, grandsons of Samuel Snowden, who in December, 1799, issued the first number of this useful newspaper. The Gazette is a splendid newspaper—one whose pre-eminence excellence is well recognized by the entire press of Virginia. It shows the vigor of youth in its news service, while it preserves the wisdom and the best traditions of the old Virginia independence in its editorial columns. One hundred years of mere existence is a thing for any newspaper to be proud of. A century of usefulness may well be a ground for extraordinary congratulation.—Rockingham Register.

Few periodicals have been blessed with such a long life as that just celebrated by the Alexandria Gazette and Virginia Advertiser. It was founded December, 1799, by Samuel Snowden, and is now conducted by his grandchild. The paper is one hundred years old and upon the first of January opened its doors to the public. It has been a constant presence in the life of the city and the State. It is a good old fashioned newspaper, and it is a good old fashioned newspaper, and it is a good old fashioned newspaper.

The Alexandria Gazette completed its one hundredth volume at the end of last month, having been published one century by the Snowden family. It is one of our best daily papers, and is a valuable source of information to the public.—(Leesburg Washingtonian.)

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We have received from Mr. W. P. Taylor, traffic manager of the E. F. & P. R. E. Company, a newly bound interesting historical and geographical sketch of that railroad.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

A Santo Domingo dispatch states that the public there is opposed to the United States intervention in the dispute with France.

Mallietto, former king of Samoa, makes severe charges against the missionaries, saying they extort money from the natives.

The Nicaragua canal bill was favorably reported to the House of Representatives yesterday. The bill carries an appropriation of \$140,000,000.

Governor General Wood has removed Senator Federico Mora, Supreme Court fiscal of Cuba, which position corresponds to that of attorney general.

Col. J. H. Wood, showman, theatrical manager, museum backer and promoter, died at Hot Springs, Ark., yesterday, with cancer complicated with paralysis.

Eva Rose has awakened from her trance, which began on Tuesday while she was at work at Steiner's factory, at Bradley Beach, N. J. She was conscious of everything that was going on about her, but could not speak.

Oliver H. P. Belmont has issued invitations to a dinner Monday, January 22, he will give in honor of William J. Bryan when the latter returns to New York. Leading Tammanyites and the Democratic Club will be invited.

The Consolidated Retail Booksellers Company with a capital of \$1,000,000 was incorporated at Trenton, N. J., today. C. F. King, Russell Vanderhoof and William J. Land were the incorporators. The office will be in Jersey City.

Jacob Heinze and Henry Kaiser, who had been convicted of the murder of Edwin E. Brown, and eight times re-arrested when about to be hanged, have been pardoned at Jefferson City, Mo., having been shown to be innocent of the crime.

Mr. Bryan will be in Washington on the 16th inst., when he will have a conference with party managers. He will return to Washington on January 27 to attend the Gridiron Club dinner. He will be 40 years old on February 19, when he will again be in Lincoln.

The Rev. Wesley Hall, at Hindman, Knott county, Ky., is reported to have shot and killed Mrs. Lucinda Isaacs, a sister of his dead wife, and then to have shot himself in the abdomen. Physicians say he will recover. The cause was Mrs. Isaacs' refusal of his offer of marriage.

General Otis reports the successful operations to the south of Manila, the clearing out of the natives with severe losses and the capture of a number of towns, also that the Thirty-seventh regiment has captured the Filipino General Rizal, with his official papers and property.

Wilder & Co.'s oilcloth works at Hallowell, Me., were burned this morning. Two men well paid injured by an explosion, and Mayor Safford was knocked down, but fortunately unhurt. The loss will be between \$65,000 and \$75,000 and it is understood there is only \$50,000 insurance.

Representative Pearre, of Maryland, yesterday introduced a bill in the House for the suspension of tariff duties upon imports when their sale or manufacture is monopolized, and providing for a commission on foreign commerce, to investigate and report to the President thereon.

Alfred Morrison, who shot and killed one of his wives, with whom he was living in Mount Vernon, N. Y., is under arrest. Crowds waited around his house all yesterday in anticipation of the arrest, and they followed Morrison to the courthouse, where he was arraigned and held for the grand jury on the charge of murder in the first degree.

The agitation caused by the failure of the St. Louis house of delegates to contract for electric light for the alleys, parks, and city institutions culminated yesterday in a demonstration by the citizens at the doors leading to the delegates' floor. A crowd numbering several hundred completely filled the corridors leading to the delegates' chamber. They howled, booed and hissed, and at times threatened to break in the doors. Alfred Life, page editor of the House, was assaulted. At one time a revolver was drawn by the sergeant-at-arms of the house, Henry L. Weeks, who guarded the door leading to the delegates' floor, and several times, before the arrival of the police, it looked as though bloodshed could not be averted. The arrival of a police sergeant and a squad, together with a speech to the crowds from Governor Stanford, cautioning them to commit no overt act, had the effect of quelling the disturbance.

Kid McCoy got the decision over Joe Coseny in a bout which lasted three rounds at the Broadway Athletic Club in New York last night. Coseny would have had the fight in the second round were it not for an accident as to timekeeping. He had floored McCoy four times, but the timekeeper pulled the bell as McCoy was counted for the limit of 10 seconds, and this saved the Kid from an absolute defeat. Coseny's seconds protested vigorously, but Referee Johnny Waite, while knowing that the round was short by many seconds, stood by the official timekeeper, and ordered the men to continue when the gong rang again for the opening of the third round. At the end of the third round McCoy landed a blow on the jaw which looked as if it landed a second after the gong. Coseny could not continue when called upon for the fourth round, and his seconds thereupon threw up the sponge. The men will meet again February 20.

FALLS CHURCH INSURANCE COMPANY.—The eleventh annual meeting of the Falls Church Mutual Fire Insurance Company was held there on Thursday. Mr. George C. Round was elected chairman and Mr. J. M. Thorne secretary. The following board of directors was elected: W. S. Jenkins of Loudoun, George C. Round and Tyson Jannet of Prince William, Chas. I. Simms of Alexandria county, J. W. May, and Peter Atchison, of Alexandria city, E. L. Garrett and General Wm. Ulrich of Herndon, Geo. A. Gordon of Fairfax County, H. D. Munson, George W. Hawhurst, Geo. W. Mankin and V. E. Kerr, of Falls Church. A meeting of the board of directors was held after adjournment of the general meeting, and the following officers were unanimously elected: George W. Hawhurst, president; J. M. Thorne, secretary, and D. O. Munson, treasurer, with Messrs. G. W. Mankin, General Wm. Ulrich and G. W. Hawhurst as the executive committee.

Five men broke into the bank at Rushford, N. Y., early today. The safe was blown open with dynamite. The amount obtained is not yet known.

THE LEGISLATURE.

THE SENATE.

Senator Claytor had passed a bill providing for erecting and maintaining water troughs upon the public highways of Bedford county for the use of horses and cattle. This is the first instance in Virginia when a county has under taken this humane practice existing in most of the cities.

Senator Sands had passed a bill authorizing the Jefferson Davis Monument Association to turn over to the United Daughters of the Confederacy all money in its possession.

When the joint resolution looking to amending the constitution so as to make the payment of the capitation tax a prerequisite to suffrage, came up, Dr. Leconte made a forceful address in behalf of the measure. He said if the amendment contemplated by his resolution should be adopted, one of two things must happen—the State treasury will receive more money than now, or we will get rid of a large class of questionable voters. He was unprepared to say which thing would be the better for the State.

After debate the bill was passed by Senator Leconte's consent, and made the special and continuing order for Tuesday next. The total assessment of the State capitation tax is credited to the school fund, and the deficiency has to be made out of the State treasury. Nearly one-half of the assessable people in the State pay no taxes at all.

The bill providing for the consolidated seaboard railroads was passed in the Senate yesterday and was subsequently signed by the Governor. This permits the reorganization and consolidation of the systems proposed by President John Skelton Williams in Virginia.

Bills were introduced To prevent property in the possession of a common carrier and in transit, or outside the county or corporation where the process is issued, from being held upon attachment, garnishment, or summons on suggestion.

Requiring parties suing out attachments or garnishment processes to give bond.

Authorizing the delivery to Union Theological Seminary of the memorials of Hanover Presbytery to the House of Bishops of 1774 and to the legislature of 1776 on the subject of religious liberty.

The following were ordered to be engrossed: To amend section 17 of the charter of the city of Alexandria.

To amend section 18 of the charter of the city of Alexandria.

HOUSE.

The first debate arose over the bill to require the different counties and municipalities in the State to pay the costs in all misdemeanor cases was called. The bill was finally committed to the committee on courts of justice.

The vote upon the commitment of the bill was 39 to 35.

The bill asked by the Women's Christian Temperance Union providing for teaching in the schools the effect of alcohol on the human system was ordered to its engrossment.

The bill providing for the abolition of the Register of the Land Office was reported favorably, and came up on the calendar, but, on motion of Captain Parker, who desired to discuss it, but was too unwell yesterday, the measure was passed by.

Mr. Whitehead introduced a bill providing that in every case of felony tried in any circuit, county, or corporation court, the attorney for the commonwealth shall receive the sum of \$10. For cases of misdemeanor prosecuted by judgment for the commonwealth, except prosecution for violations of the revenue laws and for offenses under sections 3815 to 3833, the sum of \$5. The bill also places a limit on the total amount to be received by the attorney for the commonwealth, and repeals section 3526 of the code.

Mr. McAllister introduced a bill, companion to the above, providing that in every case of conviction for an offense under preceding section, or under chapter 25 of the Code, an attorney's fee of \$10 shall be taxed in the costs and paid by the defendant, and no attorney or officer shall be entitled to the payment of any fees out of the treasury for services rendered in a prosecution.

A bill was introduced by Mr. McAllister providing that every commissioner of the revenue, sheriff, constable, or other officer shall give information of the violation of any penal law to the attorney for the commonwealth. It shall be unlawful, however, for any attorney for the commonwealth to go before any grand jury during its deliberation, except when his presence shall be requested by the foreman or any other member of such grand jury, or when required or directed by the court to appear before such grand jury.

The Senate committee on courts yesterday heard argument on the bill in relation to the effect of evidence in trials upon insurance policies as to immaterial allegation in the policy. The committee in executive session decided to report the bill favorably with an amendment, which was agreed to with Senator Claytor's approval.

Mr. Bland presented before the committee his bill to amend section 4,077 of the code so as to cover just such emergencies as arose through the escape of the murderous Walter Cotton from the jail in Portsmouth the morning of the 26th of December. The amendment makes guards amenable to section 3,753. It will be reported favorably.

The caucus committee of the Senate, which is hearing the application of Senator William Shands, will today have certain affidavits submitted to it, and in the afternoon will hold a meeting to further consider the case. The committee will report not later than the 20th.

A substitute for the separate car bill was prepared last night by a subcommittee and will probably be reported today. The bill makes it mandatory on conductors and those in charge of stations to give white and colored people separate seats and imposes heavy penalties for failure to comply.

That Throbbing Headache Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, Drugists.

Public sentiment in Chattanooga, Tenn., is turning against Julia Morrison James, acquitted on Wednesday of killing Frank Leidenheimer.

How Are Your Kidneys? Dr. Hodge's Stomach Pills cure all kidney troubles. Free trial. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Ill.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Charles Carter, son of Mr. Marshall Carter, of Aldie, died on Thursday of typhoid fever.

The Corporation Court, of Norfolk, has decided the harbor law to be unconstitutional.

Miss Sarah M. Woodson, who had been the matron of the Richmond Home for Ladies, died last night.

S. W. Smith and Thomas Fagar were arrested at Newport News yesterday on the charge of counterfeiting. Smith confessed.

Mr. George Schwind died suddenly yesterday afternoon while seated in a chair at his home in Richmond. He was thirty-eight years old.

The story of the shooting of Rev. Mills Rayford by a crazy negro named John R. Ricks in Southampton county and of the lynching of Ricks, is discredited.

Cornelius M. Johnson, one of the well-known passenger engineers in the service of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, died suddenly of apoplexy in Richmond yesterday.

Mr. Levy Deshazo, a well known citizen of Stafford county, died Thursday night at his home near White Oak, aged eighty-four years. He is survived by his wife, nine children and thirty-eight grandchildren.

A goat ranch is the latest industry in the vicinity of Winchester. Two Winchester capitalists have purchased a large tract, on which to raise goats for their hides, which will be sold to the large Winchester glove factories.

Mrs. Nellie S. Cone, now living at Happy Creek, Warren county, has brought suit against her husband, Raymond J. Cone, for an absolute divorce. Mr. Cone is a member of the milling firm at Riverton and is a deaf mute.

A large deer was killed a few days ago near Penola, in Caroline county. Deer are quite numerous in the wilderness and other parts of Spotsylvania county this season, but they rarely range as far down in the lower country as Penola.

A colored passenger with a full developed case of smallpox was the cause of nearly four hours delay to the east bound freight train on the Southern Railway due at Suffolk yesterday. He boarded the train before daylight at Lawrenceville.

The remains of the late Gen. Dabney H. Maury arrived in Richmond this morning, and the funeral services were held from St. James Episcopal Church. The body was then taken to Fredericksburg and buried by the side of his wife and children in the cemetery there.

Clarence Long, an employee at the depot at Strasburg, was run over and killed by a freight train on the Southern Railway, at Strasburg, Junction yesterday. He stepped from the caboose to the platform before the train stopped, and his feet slipped from under him and he fell backward under the train.

Smallpox has broken out at Blackstone and that community is considerably alarmed. All the public schools of the place have been closed and many of the students of Hoge Academy and many of the young ladies of the Blackstone Female Institute have left for their homes. A meeting of the town council has been held and steps taken to prevent a spread of the disease.

The special grand jury of Northampton county yesterday filed a second indictment against Charles W. Lewis, the former millionaire oyster dealer and cannery, charging him with incendiarism. He is charged with burning the Cannery factory of L. W. Courtney. Henry Howard is indicted with him as an accessory. Witnesses testified that Lewis told them he wanted the Courtney factories out of the way so that his own factory might secure all the tomatoes raised in that locality. Upon a third count, for burning a barn and contents belonging to Congressman W. A. Jones, the jury could not agree and was discharged and another impaneled. This jury is now hearing other counts against Lewis.

It is reported that incendiaries are again at work in Loudoun county.

THE WAR IN AFRICA.

General Buller, commanding about 40,000 British troops in Natal, has made a move which is regarded as the first step to a general engagement with the Boer army, estimated to number 25,000 men, under Gen. Joubert, defending the Tugela river. The British commander has advanced from Chieveley, seized Springfield, which had been occupied by the Boers, and has taken a position on the south bank of the Tugela river at Potgieter's drift, 16 miles west of Colenso. He also cables that he has seized the bridge. This move puts General Buller upon the right flank of the Boers. He has yet to cross the Tugela, and a force of Boers is strongly intrenched about 4 miles north of him. These are regarded as certain to give battle.

Another part of General Buller's army is believed to be menacing the Boer left at Mount Hlangwane. Thus Gen. Joubert, with a force numerically inferior, will be put to a severe test of his strategy to provide for both moves. London anxiously awaits news of the expected battle.

It is reported that General Buller submitted his plan of campaign to General Roberts, the new commander-in-chief, soon after the latter landed at Capetown, and that Lord Roberts sanctioned it.

Current gossip in London is to the effect that General Kitchener is the real chief of the British troops in South Africa. It is said that Kitchener, as chief of staff to Gen. Roberts, will practically conduct the campaign, but Lord Roberts's presence as field marshal is expected to restore confidence to the troops.

Rumors that General Lord Methuen is insane continue to be circulated in London. At least accounts his troops were still stationary at the Modder river, Cape Colony.

The London War Office announces that the total British loss in the fighting at Ladysmith Saturday, January 6, was 148 killed and 269 wounded.

Lewis Dennis, Salem, Ind., says "Kodol Dyspepsia Cure did me more good than anything I ever took." It digests what you eat and can not help but cure dyspepsia and stomach troubles.

List of Unclaimed Letters. The following is a list of the letters remaining in the Alexandria, Va., postoffice January 13.

Persons calling for letters will please say they are advertised.

Advertised letters not called for within two weeks will be sent to the dead letter office.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

From Richmond.

[Special dispatch to Alexandria Gazette.]

Richmond, Va., Jan. 13.—In the absence of Senator Donohoe the bills to amend the charter of the city of Alexandria were passed by in the Senate today. When they came up on their passage the Senators wanted some one to explain the changes.

Foreign News.

Paris, Jan. 13.—The Intergovernmental conference of 211 French officers serving with the Boers.

Berlin, Jan. 13.—The whole German press is satisfied with the government's measures to restrain the Krupp from furnishing munitions to either England or the Transvaal.

Constantinople, Jan. 13.—The Russian ambassador has delivered a semi-ultimatum to the Porte, stating that it is an installment of the war indemnity of 1878 is not paid by today, Russia will take severe measures to exact it.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 13.—Eight thousand regular troops in the province of Kiang Si and Honan, China, have proved inadequate to suppress the insurrection of the Honan veterans. So far the regulars have been defeated in every engagement. The insurgents are well supplied with both arms and provisions and are led, it is said, by experienced army officers, who retired because of disgust at the treatment received from the government.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 13.—In his annual report just published M. Dewitte, the minister of finance, says that the world wide scarcity of money is due to vague fears of political complications. The Czar has issued a rescript congratulating Count Muraviev, minister of foreign affairs, on his successful foreign policy. The document is signed: "Ever your invariably well disposed and grateful Nicholas." The rescript sounds a note relative to Russia's ambition as a power in the Pacific. It says in part: "Appointed guardian of the most important interests of the State, you have co-operated, while conforming exactly with the indications I gave you in the relation of the traditional tendency of Russia to obtain in the far east an ice-free outlet to the sea."

The agreement entered into with the government of China relative to the conversion in usufruct of the Kwang Tung peninsula with Ports Arthur and Dalmay, while testifying to the reciprocal friendship and confidence which exist between the two great neighboring empires, fulfills the evident necessities of Russia as a great maritime power, and will create in the Pacific a new center for the commercial and industrial enterprises of the entire world."

London, Jan. 13.—An attaché of the German Embassy called on Ambassador Cosmo today to urge joint German and American action against Great Britain, because of the seizures in Delagoa Bay. Mr. Cosmo gave the attaché no encouragement. It is expected that England will buy the American flour retained at Durban for the use of the British forces in Natal.

Paris, Jan. 13.—Mail advices from St. Petersburg say that 75,000 Russian soldiers are enroute to the Afghan frontier and that there are now 250,000 troops in Siberia close to the British Indian frontier.

Vienna, Jan. 13.—A dispatch from Brussels says news has been received there from Pretoria to the effect that the Boers have stormed all the heights around Ladysmith and that the capitulation of the place is hourly expected.

Rome, Jan. 13.—Enrico Garibaldi, a son of the Italian patriot, is dead.

London, Jan. 13.—Captain C. B. Ismay, son of the late Thomas Henry Ismay, president of the White Star Steamship Company, was married today to Miss Constance Schieffelin of New York. Captain Ismay left Southampton immediately after the ceremony on route for South Africa.

Paris, Jan. 13.—Father Bailly and thirteen other assassins have been held for trial for violating the law forbidding religious communities from exceeding twenty persons.

London, Jan. 13.—The Sun says that when Parliament reassembles the government will ask for a further war credit of two million pounds.

The Situation in South Africa. London, Jan. 13.—It is understood that Gen. Kitchener's first act on arriving at Capetown was to increase the press censorship. This accounts for the scarcity of details concerning Buller's movements in Natal. The belief is general that Buller's presence at Potgieter's Drift foreshadows a momentous flanking movement on the Boers' right. This may be already in progress. Nothing will probably be heard further from Buller until after the second attempt to relieve Ladysmith shall have been made.

Capetown, Jan. 13.—A British force under Gen. Wood has reached Zwartkop Drift in the Orange Free State. The Boers are advancing upon him.